

Michel Aguena



PS: CLMM, Cluster Detection Validation Science: WaZP on DC2







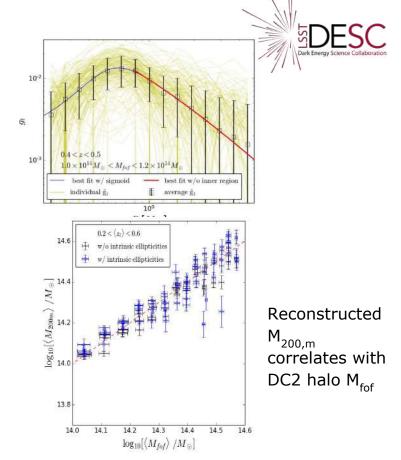
CLuster Mass Modeling

Michel Aguena + CLMMers

Intro

What is clmm?

- DESC software being developed by a large group of researchers (+), that meets DESC software standards (unit tests+documentation)
- Package to constrain cluster mass from weak lensing (shear) measurements
- Fit shear radial profile (angular or physical)
- Compatible with different backends for cosmology (astropy, CCL, NumCosmo) and mass modeling (cluster_toolkit, CCL, NumCosmo)
- Fits the mass on individual cluster basis, stacking planed for the future



C. Payerne, C. Combet, M. Ricci + CLMM

CLMM architecture



Utils (§3.1.2.2)

Auxiliary functions (binning, conversions, simple computations)

DataOps (§3.1.2)

Compute desired quantities from measurements (shear components, profiles)

GCData (§3.4.1)

Astropy table with added functionality to check cosmology signature

Cosmology (§3.3)

(astropy, CCL, NumCosmo) Cosmological operations (distances, parameter evolution)

Theory (§3.2)

(cluster_toolkit, CCL, NumCosmo)
 Theoretical prediction for
 lensing properties (surface
density, shear, magnification)

GalaxyCluster (§3.4)

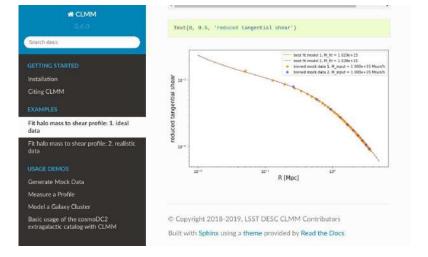
Cluster information (ID, ra, dec, z), DataOps functionality, galaxy source catalog (GCData), shear profiles (GCData)

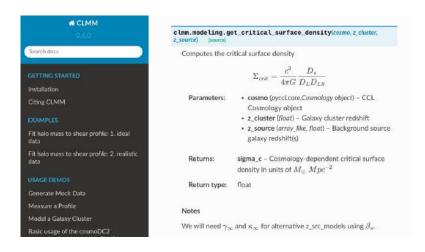
Support (§3.5)

Operations to test and facilitate the application of clmm (mock data, parameters fitting/sampling)

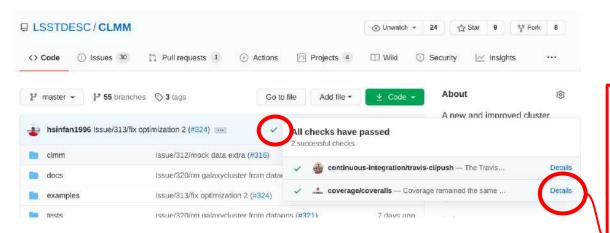
Demonstration and Documentation

- Code on DESC github: https://github.com/LSSTDESC/CLMM
- Notebooks: https://github.com/LSSTDESC/CLMM/tree /master/examples
- Documentation in code
- CLMM Docs and Demos on DESC: http://lsstdesc.org/CLMM/

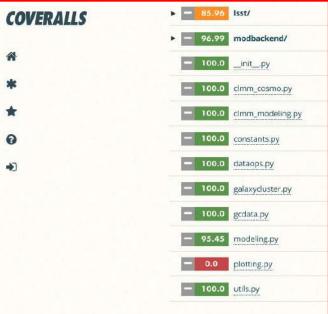




Validation









PS: Cluster Detection Validation

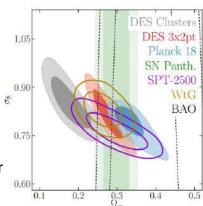
Goals



- We expect many cluster catalogs to be produced during the LSST duration (several cluster finders+10 years of observation+simulations)
- Making sure these catalogs meet some minimum quality requirements
- Evaluating important properties of each catalog (selection function, mass proxy, scaling relations)
- Cross-validating catalogs and using feedback information to improve detection and characterization of clusters
- Create a validated, documented and open source repository to be used by the collaboration and the general scientific community

<u>Dark Energy Survey Year 1 Results:</u>
<u>Cosmological Constraints from Cluster</u>

<u>Abundances and Weak Lensing</u> (redMaPPer clusters, WL Masses)



Validating Catalogs



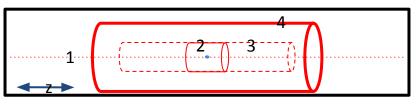
- Self-check
 - General distributions (redshift, mass proxy, magnitudes, colors)
 - Overlap of clusters on the same catalog
- Simulation
 - Matching with Dark Matter Halos
 - Selection function (completeness, purity, fragmentation, overmerging)
 - Cluster-halo relations (mass proxy, size, orientation, redshift)
- Observation
 - Matching with other wavelength clusters (x-ray, sz)
 - Cross matching optical catalogs produced

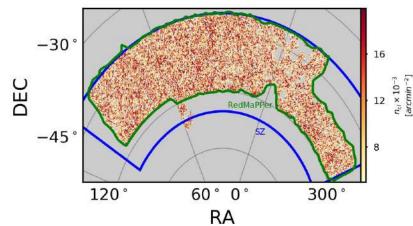
Matching Catalogs

- Matching method:
 - Spatial (angular, 3D, 2D+z)
 - Membership
- Types of matching considered:
 - Unique/multiple match
 - One way/cross match
- Sky coverage:
 - Footprints of catalogs
 - Cover fraction
 - Maximum redshift



4 step matching





The WaZP galaxy cluster sample of the Dark Energy Survey Year 1 (2008.08711)

Software development



Regular meeting with WG and pipeline conveners to direct code development

- GitHub repository for code versioning
- Documentation
- Unit tests and coverage









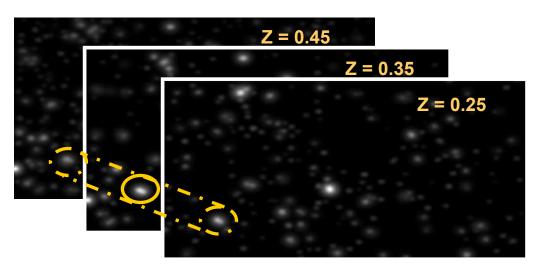
Science: WaZP on DC2

Michel Aguena + Brazil CWG

Wavelet Z-Photometric (WaZP)



- Galaxies are selected in redshift slices based on PDZ's from photoz algorithms
- Clusters are detected as overdensities in wavelet based density maps
- No assumption on the galaxy populations of clusters (e.g. red sequence)
- Produces cluster membership probabilities for galaxies

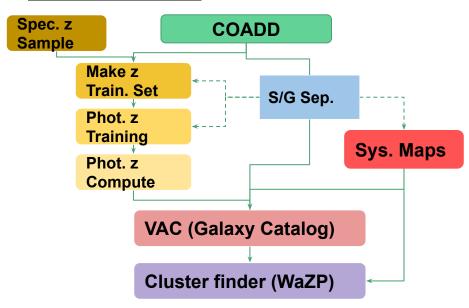


A 3 deg² tile

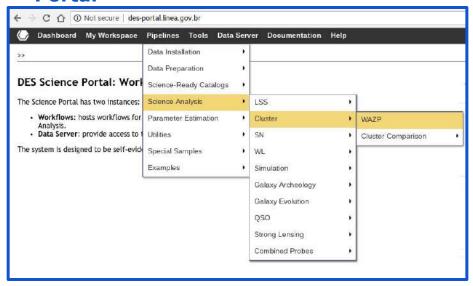
Producing Catalogs



Data workflow



LIneA Science Portal

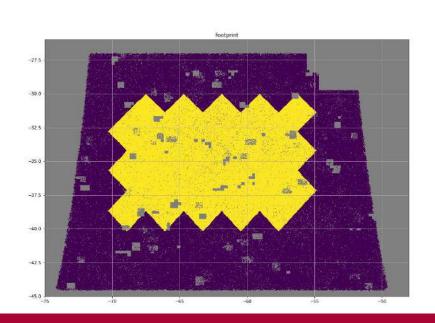


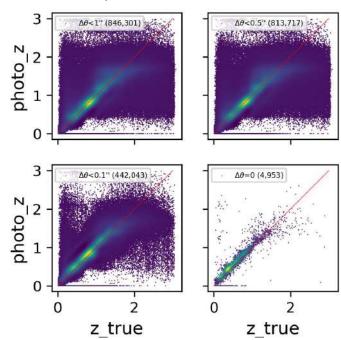


- Run the WaZP both truth and image simulated catalogs
- Compare with Halos and RedMaPPer
- Evaluate the impact of photo-z (true z X gaussian pz X real photo-z X full pdf) on:
 - cluster detection purity and completeness
 - richness estimation
 - mass-richness scaling relation
 - selection function
 - membership assignment of cluster members, which can then be directly compared to the redMaPPer clusters.
- Evaluate limitations physical and algorithmic assumptions of CF
- Construct path for cosmology

SDESC Dark Energy Science Collaboration

- Run 2.2i dr3 photo-z
- Defining Small Region
- Preparing LIneA's infrastructure for DC2
- Matched with true catalogs (thanks to J. Sanchez)

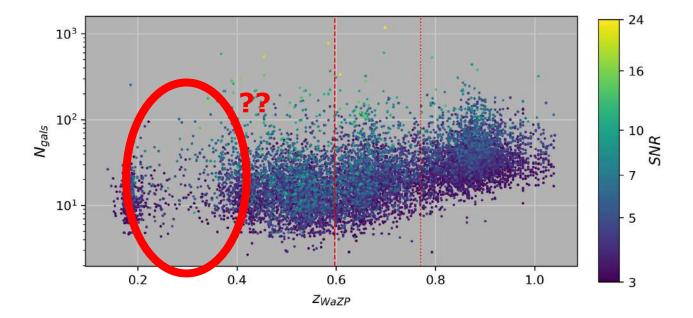




DC2 - WaZP

First WaZP run

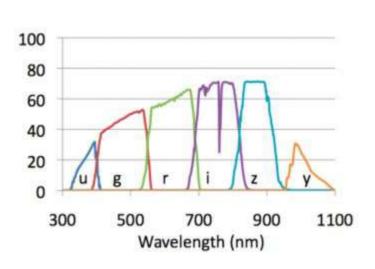


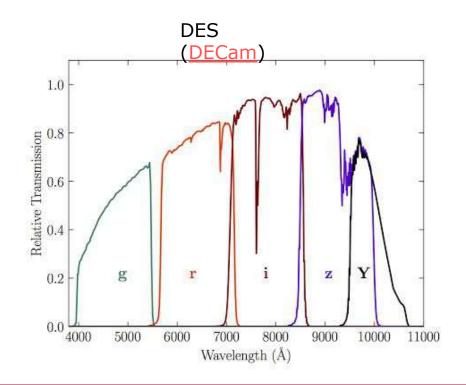




Internal calibration has to be updated for LSST magnitudes

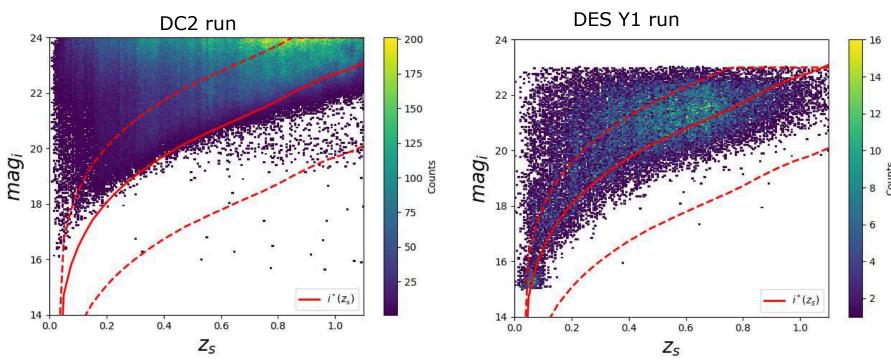






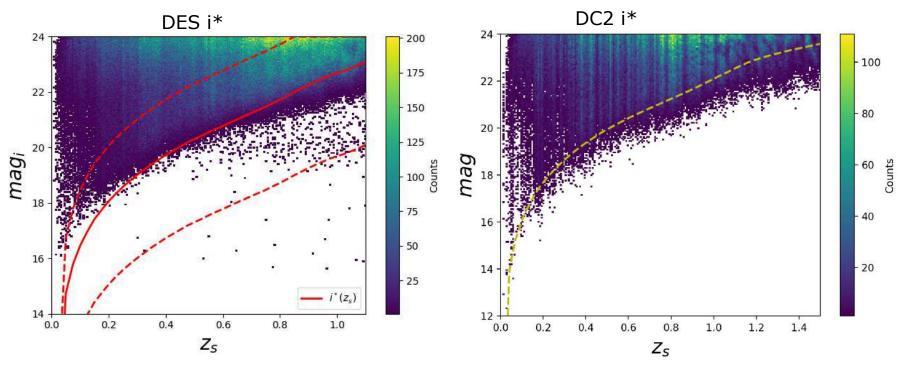


Effect of magnitude calibration on detection





Effect of magnitude calibration on detection



- Review Sample
 - cosmoDC2 v.1.1.4
 - Extragalactic Catalog
 - Image Simulation
 - DR3 (Y2)
 - DR6 (Y5)
- Provide feedback to the CSS (Cosmological and Survey Simulations) Working Group



